

Home Rule Men Override Miller, Force Own Plan

Committee of 20 to Rush Program Through in Closing Hours; Tolbert Proposals Also Slated for Adoption

Democratic Bills Doomed

Assembly Passes New Fire and Police Pay Schedule; Advance Bonus Measures

ALBANY, March 14.—Yielding to the demands of legislators from the cities, a committee of twenty, ten Senators and ten Assemblymen, was appointed tonight by Speaker Machold and Senator Clayton R. Lusk to devise a home rule program for the Legislature to put through in the next three days.

While the committee will not meet until early tomorrow, after the Legislature, which is sitting day and night, adjourns, it is understood that the Tolbert-Ullman amendment to the constitution and the Tolbert bill, creating a commission to study the entire subject and report back its recommendations to the next Legislature, will be adopted. This second proposal followed the thought expressed by Governor Miller last Saturday, when he declared that home rule should wait until it had been studied carefully by experts. The protests which came from Republican sources against this delay led to the change in program, and while the Governor's idea will be carried out, the Tolbert-Ullman amendment also will be adopted by the Legislature. This proposal must be approved by the next Legislature before it can be submitted to a referendum.

Cities to Frame Own Laws

The Tolbert-Ullman amendment gives the cities power to frame their own laws, and limits legislative action on city bills to emergencies which must be certified to by the Governor in a special message. The measure, specifically in the Governor's message, passed by a two-thirds vote of the Legislature, instead of a majority, as now obtains.

Another problem taken up at the conference was the local employment legislation proposed by the Salomon League, which is embraced in the so-called triplets, introduced by Senator Seymour Lowman. The bill was killed by the Republican majority. Senator Lowman, at the close of the conference, expressed the opinion that it would take enough votes within the next few hours to insure the passage of the bill in the Senate. It is also considered likely that it will succeed. Even if he should the bill will die in the Assembly.

The Republican Senators also agreed to oppose the important Democratic measures concerning which Minority Leader Walker had served notice he would attempt to have reported out of committee. Among these measures are the Walker water power bills, the census proposals for shortening the term of labor for women and children, regulation of membership of political committees, the publication of campaign expenditures five days before election, reapportioning Senatorial districts, restoring direct primaries, establishing an executive budget and creating a department of transportation and New York City.

Fire and Police Pay Bills Pass

The Assembly today passed nearly 20 bills. Chief among them were the bill to pay firemen and policemen of all grades except that of first. The bill, which passed the Senate last week, now goes to the Mayor. Other measures passed by the Assembly included the Knight bill making Federal farm loan bonds legal securities for savings banks and trust companies, the Hamill bill making directors a felony instead of a misdemeanor, the Dickstein bill regulating the transmission of money to foreign countries and the Jesse act providing for the appointment of six military instructors to the New York police force at a salary of not less than \$3,300 a year.

Assembly Republican leaders agreed

Ban on 'Put and Take' Top Passes Assembly

ALBANY, March 14.—The Duke bill, aimed to ban the "put and take" or "toddle top," was passed by the Assembly today with one dissenting vote. The measure seeks to accomplish its purpose by prohibiting the sale of implements in the use of which there is an element of chance for winning or losing money.

While the bill was aimed particularly at the "put and take" top, it is believed it also would ban dice, roulette wheels and other paraphernalia of gambling.

to pass the Brundage bill appropriating \$1,000,000 to furnish relief for disabled World War veterans who have been out of work for more than fourteen days. The Barnes resolution amending the state constitution so as to provide for a \$45,000,000 soldier bonus bond issue and the Whitcomb measure providing that veterans of the World War may be admitted to the soldiers' home at Bath. It is said the measures are slated for passage.

Fox Hills Mob Besieges Guard Who Shot Inmate

(Continued from page one)

of the patients are in weak physical condition, the guards it was said, refused to resort to violence to hold the crowd back, although it seemed for several minutes that they would be compelled to.

The station police arrived just in time, they said, as the crowd of soldiers appeared to be about to make an effort to crash their way into the guard house.

Curran's Wound Is Not Expected to Prove Serious

A letter signed by 125 patients of the hospital, protesting against being referred to hospitals outside of New York State, was sent yesterday to President Harding.

In the letter the former soldiers said they did not want to be separated long distances from relatives residing in the state, and that an investigation had shown that there were approximately 400 vacancies for tubercular patients at hospitals in Liberty, Saratoga, Oswego and Gabriel.

"We now feel," the letter read, "that citizens of the Empire State should rally to our aid and do all in their power to see that we all tubercular patients are properly hospitalized in the location herein mentioned."

At the Police Station Smith Insisted

that he had shot in self-defense. Curran is slated to go to California as a result of the abandonment of the Staten Island Hospital and is known to have objected strenuously to being sent out of the state.

Deficiency Appropriation Agreed To by Conferees

Amendment Providing \$150,000 for Immigration Service Eliminated

WASHINGTON, March 14.—A Senate amendment to the deficiency appropriation bill, providing \$150,000 for the immigration service, was eliminated from the measure to-day by House and Senate conferees, who reached an agreement on all disputed provisions. The House managers, however, agreed to reinsertion in the bill of the Senate amendments appropriating \$27,438,000 for refunding internal revenue taxes illegally collected and \$158,000 for carrying into the Patent Office personnel and revising salaries there.

The original House provision allotting the navy \$6,281,000 for fuel until July 1 was left in the bill unchanged. The conference report was brought up in the Senate late to-day and the elimination of the \$150,000 for the immigration service was criticized by Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, the Republican leader, who said that loss of the appropriation would "cripple" the immigration service until new funds become available next July.

26 Corporations, 48 Persons, Indicted as Cement Combine

Federal Grand Jury in Chicago Charges Conspiracy in Restraint of Trade Covering Fifteen States; Early Trials Sought

CHICAGO, March 14.—Twenty-six corporations manufacturing cement in the Middle Western states and forty-eight individuals, officers of the companies, were named in an indictment charging violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, which was returned by the Federal grand jury March 8, but was not made public until tonight, after bench warrants had been served on the individuals.

Charging that the law governing interstate traffic has been violated, the indictment alleges that the twenty-six companies have conspired to regulate the cement business in Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Kentucky, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee and Arkansas. It further states that 25,000,000 barrels of cement are made by the companies annually, which is 90 per cent of the amount manufactured in the Middle Western states and 25 per cent of the entire output of the United States.

There are eight counts in the indictment charging a combination in restraint of trade, conspiracy and violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. The corporations and individuals are all members of the Midwest Cement Credit and Statistical Bureau, which also was named in the indictment. The indictment is the result of a nationwide investigation into the activities of a supposed trust. Other investigations of the same corporations are being conducted from the office of Attorney General Daugherty in Washington, it was said.

Charles E. Clyne, District Attorney, announced that he would go before Judge Carpenter tomorrow and ask for a speedy arraignment and trial of the individuals.

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Assembly Votes Ban On Sunday Barbers

ALBANY, March 14.—Sunday barbering now permitted in New York City and Saratoga Springs is prohibited by the Clayton bill, which was passed by the Assembly today.

The vote was 123 to 7. The bill, which sought to nullify some of the most important bills by the insertion of jokers, was referred to one particular bill, that which places the rates that are charged for premiums by the various combinations of insurance companies under the supervision of the Superintendent of Insurance and the review of the courts.

The wording of this bill, as prepared by Mr. Untermyer, set forth that it was the duty of the superintendent to order an adjustment of the rate "on any class of risks" where it was found to be excessive, and giving the aggrieved party the right to appeal to the courts. The bill, as changed, he said, practically "joked" excluded from regulation life insurance, although they, too, he said, make their rates in combination with the public is bound to pay.

Emergency Act Necessary

The jokers, however, have been extracted, said the speaker, but the bill has been imperiled by loss of time, and will require an emergency message by Governor Miller to have them acted upon at the earliest possible moment. "I would cheerfully abide the judgment of the Governor," concluded Mr. Untermyer, "upon the wisdom of any part of our legislative program."

There were 8,100 brokers in New York City who maintain a vast corruption fund or that the brokers have combined to have the laws so molded that they can do almost anything.

Du Pont Denies Interest In Dye Industry Pool

Company Would Be Better Off Out of the Business, He Tells Senators

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Testifying today before the Senate committee investigating alleged monopolies in the dye and chemical industry, Iroquois Du Pont, president of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., denied "any and all charges" that his group was interested in trust arrangements or combinations in restraint of trade.

The head of the du Pont group told the committee his concern would be better off if it quit the dye business. He said it had lost money on that activity for three years.

Regarding statements by Senator King, Democrat of Utah, concerning the magnitude of the du Pont holdings, Mr. du Pont said that the Utah Senator had "duplicated many figures until the total makes us look quite formidable."

On the subject of profits, Mr. du Pont said they had "piled up" good profits during the war, but attributed them to enthusiasm and cheating by employees rather than to wide margins in cost and selling prices. He related that the du Ponts, at the request of the government, had gone extensively into the powder business during the war, manufacturing during America's participation a total of 1,400,000,000 pounds of smokeless powder. He asserted that this had been delivered to the War Department at less than the pre-war prices, "and yet we made a handsome profit."

Bulgarian Minister Laments Bombing of Sofia Legation

SOFIA, March 14.—Denouncing the bombing of the United States Legation on Saturday night, Minister of the Interior Daskaloff yesterday issued the following statement:

"We are all indignant at the odious attempt against the United States Legation. Its author could not be a Bulgarian. There is no regular procedure for the execution of the law in Bulgaria. There is no Bulgarian who could thus offend a great American Republic to which the Bulgarian people are much indebted." But the Parliament, with the Socialists and Communists participating, yesterday unanimously voted the regrets of Parliament and the country for the bombing of the legation.

Writs Issued For Seizure of 16 Fur Firms

Government Moves to Collect \$2,000,000 Luxury Tax Said To Be Overdue; Expect Indictments To-day

Fifty Concerns Examined

Action Is Second Step in Previous Arrest of Three in Alleged Conspiracy

On January 24 and 25 Federal agents arrested three men charged with being the ring leaders and intermediaries in a conspiracy to defraud the government of approximately \$2,000,000 in luxury taxes owed by some 300 manufacturing furriers. Yesterday, as the second step to nullify the alleged plot, a warrant of distraint to take possession of the business of sixteen furriers who have refused to pay the taxes said to be overdue was issued from the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue.

The books of more than fifty concerns thought to have figured in the conspiracy have been examined in the last month, and it is expected that many similar warrants will be issued soon.

Indictment Expected To-day

Simultaneously with the action of the Treasury Department came the announcement from Assistant United States Attorney Cahill, who is handling the criminal end of the case, that one indictment against fur manufacturers suspected of complicity in the plot probably will be handed down today and that others will follow immediately. He declared that he knew nothing of the warrants of distraint and that the list of those against whom such action is to be taken may not coincide with that on the indictments.

Frank K. Bowers, collector of internal revenue, refused to give out the names of the furriers whose businesses are to be seized, but the fact that among them is Barnett Weingold, of 128 West Twenty-seventh Street, is known. When counsel for that concern appeared before Judge Julian W. Mack in the Federal court late yesterday and obtained a court order staying the execution of the warrant until Friday, when the matter will come up for a hearing.

The government's claim against Weingold totals \$46,783 and is based on the charge that eight monthly payments varying between \$4,000 and \$5,000, were withheld, to each of which the statutory penalty for failure to make proper returns has been added. According to the criminal allegations made, last January many furriers conspired to use a counterfeit receipt stamp to deceive agents sent to examine their books and to convince them that the taxes had been paid.

Drastic Steps Provided

Collector Bowers declared yesterday that each of the firms named in the warrant of distraint was given ten days' notice to pay on March 4. He appeared confident that the proof of the government's determination given yesterday would be sufficient to convince the furriers that further delay was useless, and said that the sum demanded probably would be paid before more drastic steps become necessary. Otherwise, he concluded, the factories will be closed and left in charge of deputy marshals until sales can be arranged. This is the regular procedure for the execution of the law in Bulgaria. There is no Bulgarian who could thus offend a great American Republic to which the Bulgarian people are much indebted."

The three men arrested in January were Morris Rosenblum, of Parkside Court, Brooklyn, a former deputy internal revenue collector; Herman B. Schuss, of the Aberdeen Hotel, and Melville G. Newmark, attorney of the American Fur Dealers' Association, with offices at 46 West Twenty-fourth Street.

Two Policemen Out on Charges Of Drunkenness

Rail and Sullivan Suspended for Shooting Up Doctor's Car at Brooklyn Corner and for Being 'Disorderly'

Only One Was in Uniform

Other Unable to Tell His Superiors Where He Was at 3 o'Clock in Afternoon

Patrolman Charles H. Rail, attached to the Glendale precinct station, and Patrolman John J. Sullivan, of the Third Bridge precinct station, in Washington Street, Brooklyn, were suspended last night by Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Leach on charges of intoxication. They are alleged, in the reserved language of the departmental complaint, to have been "disorderly" at Raymond and Tillary streets, Brooklyn, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Persons living in the vicinity said that several shots were fired while the patrolmen were on the corner. Two bullets struck the automobile of Dr. John Senese, 215 High Street, Brooklyn, which was parked at the corner. Rail says Sullivan did the shooting.

Blamed Companion

Deputy Inspector John L. Falconer was in the Classon Avenue station, Brooklyn, at 3:30 o'clock when the desk lieutenant received word that two policemen were intoxicated at Raymond and Tillary streets. Inspector Falconer hurried to the scene in his car and found Rail with a police sergeant and two patrolmen standing near him. The sergeant told the deputy that the patrolman who had been with Rail on the corner had disappeared. Rail said that he didn't know the patrolman's name, but that he had done all the shooting. Rail was taken to the Classon Avenue station and found by Police Surgeon McInerney to be intoxicated. After being suspended the patrolman told Inspector Falconer that the patrolman who had been with him was Sullivan. Sullivan was found and questioned and was pronounced by Police Surgeon Lay as being unfit for duty. The patrolman's suspension was immediately ordered.

Sullivan was in civilian clothing when seen at the corner of Raymond and Tillary streets with Rail. He said that he had gone to a number of places during the day, but wasn't able to say whether he had been with Rail or where he was at about 3 o'clock.

Guns Are Examined

The service revolvers of Rail and Sullivan were examined. All the chambers in Sullivan's revolver were full. One shell in Rail's revolver was empty. There was dust in the barrel, however, and the police do not believe that this cartridge had been discharged recently. Dr. Senese went to the 3d Bridge precinct station last night and was asked to pick Sullivan from a lineup as the man who had fired the bullets that penetrated his automobile. He was unable to do so.

Rail lives at 1118 Halsey Street, Brooklyn.



Commons Indorses Egyptian Policy by Vote of 202 to 70

Test Follows Severe Criticisms by Labor and Liberal Factions; Recall of Said Zoglaund Demanded

LONDON, March 14 (By The Associated Press).—After the government's Egyptian policy had been severely criticized in the House of Commons today by Liberal and Labor members, the latter demanding the recall of Said Zoglaund, the Egyptian minister, the government policy was voted, 202 to 70.

Austen Chamberlain, replying for the government, expressed satisfaction that the policy only was criticized and its principles were not challenged. He asserted that Zoglaund had an anti-British and pro-Turkish record and exercised wide intimidation over the Egyptian people. He would not be recalled, as long as he was a danger to peace or the effective protection of British interests in Egypt.

Mr. Chamberlain explained that the difference between Field Marshal Allenby, the High Commissioner, and the government was that Allenby wanted to abolish the protectorate first, and afterward negotiate with the independent state thus created for the protection of Great Britain's special interests.

When Field Marshal Allenby came to London, said Mr. Chamberlain, he accepted the government's contention that safeguarding British interests must be part of any scheme abolishing the protectorate, and that these should not be left to the mercy of a subsequent agreement. Not only British interests, but the interests of foreign communities and this a vital question. He hoped the House would indicate its approval and empower the government to act.

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broad buckled strap
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heel. 11.00

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buckskin with black
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with black patent
leather saddle. 11.00

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